

£200,000,000 FOR WAR LOAN ALREADY—HUNS' AMAZING NEW NOTE

# The Daily Mirror

CERTIFIED CIRCULATION LARGER THAN THAT OF ANY OTHER DAILY PICTURE PAPER

No. 4,126.

Registered at the G.P.O.  
as a Newspaper.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 13, 1917

One Halfpenny.

DIGGING A WAY THROUGH THE SNOW TO FETCH MILK FROM  
THE FARMS IN THE PEAK OF DERBYSHIRE.



The scout's horse wading through deep snow.



Arctic conditions.



Digging a way through the deep snow.

He rides ahead of the men and warns them when he locates a drift.



After overcoming many difficulties the men arrive at one of the outlying farms.

Buxton, and the Peak district generally, found itself without milk as the outlying farms were completely cut off from the towns and villages by great drifts of snow through which it was impossible to travel. The situation might have become serious

had not gangs of men, grimly determined to succeed, volunteered to bring back milk, and these photographs show how they kept their word. And, as will be seen, it was no easy task that they set out to accomplish.—(Exclusive to *The Daily Mirror*.)

# £200,000,000 SUBSCRIBED TO NEW WAR LOAN IN A FEW HOURS

**Record Rush to Lend Money to Win the War.**

**£20,000,000 IN ONE LUMP.**

**Wonderful Scenes in the City—Bank Officials Besieged.**

Britain's great "Victory War Loan" has made a flying start.

The public launched their attack on the Bank of England and on the special War Loan Office in Lombard-street as early as seven o'clock yesterday morning.

By noon City financial experts were assuring *The Daily Mirror* that the subscribers' offensive had already resulted in the "capture" of the first £100,000,000 of stock.

At three in the afternoon, by which time tens of thousands of City men had had ample time to digest the details of the new issue, the offensive had been prosecuted so vigorously that the experts were ready to bet that the £200,000,000 total had been left behind.

## EARLY MORNING QUEUE.

Among the big subscribers to the new War Loan are the following:

Prudential Assurance Company, £20,000,000.  
Pearl Assurance Company, £1,600,000.  
The British Dominions Assurance Company, £1,250,000.  
Liverpool Corporation, £1,000,000.  
Guardian Assurance Company, £350,000.  
Leeds City Council, £250,000.  
A Cardiff merchant, £250,000.  
Eagle Insurance Company, £100,000.

With 20,000,000 copies of the prospectus distributed to every corner of the United Kingdom, and with the terms displayed prominently in the boldest type in every newspaper, no one could complain that the details of the Loan had not been brought to his notice.

There was a long queue waiting outside the Special Loan Office in Lombard-street before eight, and the officials decided to begin half an hour before the scheduled time.

The scene was one of great activity. A large counter extended the full length of a room,



A road-mender studies a prospectus.

and piled upon it were stacks of prospectuses and application forms done up in bundles of a thousand.

Long before nine o'clock many of the piles had completely vanished.

Many people brought attaché cases, some trunks, and even barrows on which to cart away their loads.

One of the earliest arrivals in Lombard-street was a man from the East End, who came with a handcart, which he loaded with prospectuses. Behind the Bank of England itself such animated scenes as those of yesterday morning have rarely been witnessed.

Before it was light motor lorries passed out of the great gate laden with prospectuses to take to the different banks.

## THE SMALL INVESTOR.

People of small means descended upon the Post Offices, where prospectuses were handed to them with information as to how to buy Five per Cent. War Loan (Post Office Issue).

These showed that the Post Offices were authorised to receive applications for stock to the amount of £5 or any multiple of £5.

The big provincial cities are going to work for the loan, and after representatives of municipalities had been addressed by Mr. Bonar Law at an important conference in London yesterday, in which he urged them to co-operate in a great campaign to make the War Loan a success, a resolution was passed promising that local authorities and War Savings Committees all over England and Wales will do all in their power to that end.

## THE LATE RUSSIAN AMBASSADOR.

The King and Queen, Queen Alexandra and other members of the Royal Family have sent messages of condolence to Countess Benckendorff on the death of her husband, Count Benckendorff, the Russian Ambassador.

The late Ambassador, who was born in Berlin, was educated in France, not in Germany, as has been erroneously stated.

There will be a memorial service to-day at the Russian Embassy Chapel in Welbeck-street at half-past eleven.



The roof of an oft-shelled church at the front—Official photograph.

## "INFLUENZA" PUZZLE.

**Strange Features of Winter Illness Prevalent in London.**

**WHERE TEXT BOOKS ARE SILENT**

There are mystifying features about the winter illness to which so many have fallen victim.

In an article dealing with the acute affections of the respiratory organs which have been so prevalent in London and some other parts of England during the last month or six weeks the *British Medical Journal*, says they have commonly been spoken of as influenza, but it questions whether the majority have been true examples of that disease.

As regards certain severe cases which have been given the name of suppurative capillary bronchitis, two distinct clinical forms are met with.

In the less rare cases the patient develops unusually high temperature, with symptoms strongly suggestive of fulminant military tuberculosis of the lungs and death may occur in ten days or a fortnight.

In the rarer cases acute difficulty in breathing develops suddenly with extreme lividity and more or less profound unconsciousness.

The excessively threatening symptoms occasionally subside, but death usually supervenes, and post-mortem examination reveals purulent inflammation of the smaller bronchi.

The text-books are silent as to the occurrence of cases of bronchitis of this peculiarly dangerous type.

## FIVE COURSES FINE.

**First Breach of Defence of Realm Dinner Rules at Hotel.**

The first reported case of a hotel proprietor being summoned for serving dinners of more than three courses came before the Exeter Police Court yesterday.

Michael Healey, of the new London hotel, was fined 10s. and costs for a breach of the meals regulation.

A woman said she had had a dinner of three and a half courses at the hotel, and a cadet said he was fined 10s. and costs for having five and a half courses.

A detective said that when he interviewed the defendant the latter said: "Can you tell me what three courses are?" And he replied: "I am afraid I cannot."

## 'TOMMY' WHO FOOLED HUNS

**How Hero Defeated Half a Battalion and Kept Back Attack.**

PARIS, Friday.—The *Liberte's* correspondent in Northern France gives an account of a simple but impressive ceremony at P—, not far from the Somme front.

Here General W—, in the presence of a large number of high British and French officers, presented the Military Medal and the Croix de Guerre, with palms, to a British private, named Jack—, who by his coolness, courage and resource frustrated a German attack.

When the French troops were getting out of the trenches the Germans hurled a half battalion to the attack. Jack by this time was in an advanced post, to which he had gone as a volunteer.

When the Boches came over the top, Jack allowed them to get within thirty yards, and then opened fire, killing six. The wave broke.

Now, however, the post was being surrounded. But at this supreme moment he dashed forward shouting "Come on Men," as if he were leading troops to the assault, and the Boches fell back. They soon saw how they had been fooled, and returned to the charge, but this time our 75's mowed them down.

Some time later a patrol found Jack lying in front of the parapet with a bullet wound in his breast. He is now well on his way to recovery. —Reuter.

## TRENCH TRAGEDY.

**Inquest Jury Return a Verdict of Murder Against Sergeant.**

**OFFICER'S 21 SCALP WOUNDS.**

Remarkable evidence was given yesterday at the adjourned inquest at Aldershot on the late Lieutenant and Quartermaster Waterton, R.A.M.C., whose body was found in a disused trench.

Sergeant O'Donnell, R.A.M.C., who is in custody, charged on suspicion in connection with the tragedy, was not present.

The jury returned a verdict of Wilful Murder against Sergeant O'Donnell, and he was committed on the coroner's verdict to Winchester Gaol.

In evidence Police-Sergeant Ney said near the body he found a broken brush handle and the head of it a few feet away. On the left wrist was a wrist watch, which had stopped at nine o'clock. The bristles of the brush had been cut off, so that it formed a cudgel.

Dr. Bindloss said there were twenty-one wounds on the dead man's scalp alone, none of which could have been self-inflicted.

Miss Waterton, daughter of deceased, said she last saw her father alive on January 1 about eight o'clock. Sergeant O'Donnell, who had been visiting the house almost nightly, was with him. After visiting a friend, she came home and found no one in the house. O'Donnell came in about 11.30 and said: "Where is dad? Isn't he back yet?"

It was arranged with O'Donnell that he should speak to her father about becoming engaged. Witness asked O'Donnell if he had spoken, and he said he had and that her father had put him off.

O'Donnell asked her if she had seen a truncheon he had brought to the house early in the evening and had put on the table. He described it as a brush with the hair taken out.

They looked for it in the house, and O'Donnell remarked: "Surely daddy has not taken it out with him?"

## OUR FUTURE ARMY.

**Shall We Have Compulsion After the War?**

What system of military service will Britain need after the war?

Is it to be conscription, or will compulsory service be abolished?

The answer to these questions (writes Mr. H. W. Wilson, the famous publicist, in to-morrow's *Sunday Pictorial*) depends entirely upon the terms of peace.

Mr. Philip Pachtin, the well-known American journalist, writes in to-morrow's *Sunday Pictorial* on the Allies' reply to President Wilson's note.

Mr. Horatio Bottomley uses his facile pen this week to write a stirring article on the War Loan and the significance of the Golden Road to Victory.

## PLOTS IN INK.

**"Few Lines More Valuable to Foe Than Cargo of Arms."**

"A few lines of a letter conveyed to the enemy may be as useful, or even more useful, to his warlike operations than a cargo of arms and ammunition."

This point is made by the French and British Governments in a memorandum to the United States regarding the examination of parcels and letter mails aboard neutral ships.

"Experience in the course of the present war has, in fact, demonstrated the truth of this observation," the memorandum asserts.

"Hostile acts which have been planned through the mails have failed. Dangerous plans, from which even neutral countries are not safe at the hands of the enemy, have been detected in the mails and foiled."

## SUGAR FAMINE GETS MORE INTENSE.

**Grocers Without Stocks—Tea-Shops Badly Hit.**

**TOWNS SHORT OF MILK.**

Sugar is scarcer than ever.

The housewife, who up till a few days ago was always able to find the conventional lump sugar for her husband's coffee, the family breakfast-table and her little afternoon parties, is now, in the majority of homes around London, compelled to use a coarse moist grade, and is glad to get it.

"Loaf" is scarcely to be obtained for love or money. The tea-shop as well as the home is hit by the shortage.

The manager of a great provision firm in the City told *The Daily Mirror* yesterday that the difficulty of getting a supply was "enormous." The Food Controller's new regulations to prohibit the use of sugar or chocolate for the excellent covering of cakes or pastry have excited much interest in the trade.

"I do not, of course, know to what extent the Food Controller expects to meet the demand for sugar by these regulations," said a leading confectioner to *The Daily Mirror*.

"So far as we are concerned we ceased the manufacture of ordinary iced cakes many weeks ago."

## SHORTAGE OF MILK.

The prohibition of the use of winter milk in the manufacture of chocolate is timely.

As most of the milk produced in the county is sent under contract to London, local house-holders are among the first to suffer.

At Halstead, in the Colne Valley, there is such a serious scarcity that a medical officer to the Urban District Council (Dr. G. Roberts) has been authorised to arrange for a system of certificates in order to ensure adequate quantities of milk being available for the use of invalids and families in which there are young children.

While milk is scarce, however, eggs are more plentiful. As a consequence there has been a sharp drop in prices.

## "ICY MOUNTAINS."

**Governor of Greenland Tells Judge He Never Heard the Hymn.**

"From Greenland's Icy Mountains," the well-known hymn, was discussed in the Admiralty Court (in Prize) yesterday.

Mr. Jen Dangard Insen, the Governor of Greenland, supported the Danish Government's claim to a cargo of fish seized by the British Government as a prize of war.

Sir Samuel Evans asked: Are the physical characteristics of the place truly described in the hymn?

Mr. Roche, K.C., for the Danish Government: Ah, yes, I believe it was written by John Wesley.

Mr. Wright (for the Crown): No, it was by an Indian bishop (Bishop Heber).

The Governor, who seemed interested, said he had never heard the hymn or song. The hearing was adjourned.

## DARING AIR RESCUE.

**Pilot Descends to Save Friend Who Escapes Clinging to Machine.**

A thrilling story of the intrepid courage and coolness of two British pilots is told in a report of the Air Board on the work of the R.F.C. in the Eastern Mediterranean.

Two of our machines, sent on reconnaissance, found on arrival at their destination two hostile machines patrolling above the place. Photography was, nevertheless, proceeded with.

An engagement followed, in which the hostile machines were driven off. In the course of it Captain "M's" machine was hit and he was forced to descend. He immediately burnt his machine.

The other machine, Captain "P," descended to the rescue. Captain "M" climbed on the machine cowl and the two pilots escaped.

When the machine left the ground a large number of the enemy were running to it.

## HUNS TO HELP US.

**270 German Prisoners to Work on Essex Farms.**

It is announced that 270 German prisoners of war have been allocated to the county of Essex for farm work.



Mr. Imson.

# ITALIAN BATTLESHIP SUNK—S. HEARS HUN TERMS?

Another German Note to Neutrals—Berlin Descends to the "Calm Trust" Stage.

CHINA SENDS A NOTE TO MR. WILSON.

Lively British Raids and Bombardments—Germans Pushed Back  $1\frac{1}{2}$  Miles by the Rumanians.

It was Peace Note Day again yesterday. Germany has handed an impudent Note to neutrals dealing with the Allies' reply. China has sent a Note to Mr. Wilson, while the latter, according to a Washington message, is understood to be cognisant of Germany's terms.

The German Note was obviously drafted before the Allies' clear-cut terms reached Humland. So no doubt Bethmann-Hollweg will turn out more Notes.

## OFFICIAL.

According to the German Note, which contains no terms, the causes which led to the war are:—

The encircling policy of England. The "revenge" policy of France. Russia's aspiration to Constantinople.

Serbia's provocation.

While there is less bombast in the German Note, there is much hypocrisy in it. It is amusing, also, to note that Berlin has descended to the "calm trust" stage.

HUNS AFFECT SURPRISE AT ALLIES' DEMANDS.

Diverting Interpretation of the Objects of the Entente Powers.

The Note says:—

The Central Powers have no reason to enter again into a controversy regarding the origin of the world war.

History will judge on whom the blame of the war falls.

Its judgment will as little pass over the encircling policy of England, the revanche policy of France, and Russia's aspiration after Constantinople as over the provocation by Serbia, the Serajevo murders, and the complete Russian mobilisation which meant war on Germany.

Germany and her allies, who were obliged to take up arms to defend their freedom and their existence, regard this, which was their war aim, as attained.

On the other hand, the enemy Powers have departed more and more from the realisation of their plans, which, according to the statements of their responsible statesmen, are directed among other things towards:—

The conquest of Alsace-Lorraine and several Prussian provinces. The humiliation and diminution of Austria-Hungary.

The disintegration of Turkey; and The dismemberment of Bulgaria.

In view of such war aims the demand for "Reparation, Restitution and Guarantees" in the mouth of our enemies sounds like a surprise.

"NO RIGHT TO PROTEST."

"The sincerity which our enemies deny to the proposal of the four Allied Powers cannot be allowed by the world to these demands if it recalls

The fate of the Irish people;

The destruction of the freedom and independence of the Boer Republics;

The subjection of Northern Africa by England, France and Italy;

The suppression of foreign nationalities in Russia; and, finally,

The oppression of Greece, which is unexampled in history.

"Moreover, in regard to the alleged violation of international rights by the four Allied Powers, those Powers have no right to protest against it who, from the beginning of the war, trampled upon right and tore up the treaties on which it was based," adds the Note.

"Germany and her Allies made an honest attempt to terminate the war and to pave the way for an understanding among the belligerents. The Imperial Government declares that it solely depended on the decision of our enemies whether the road to peace should be taken or not."

"The enemy Governments have refused to take this road. On them falls the full responsibility for the continuation of bloodshed."

"The four Allied Powers will prosecute the fight with calm trust and confidence in their good cause until a peace has been gained which guarantees to their own peoples honour, existence, freedom and development."

Austria-Hungary has sent a Note to neutrals in answer to the Allies' Note.

The text of the Note, as telegraphed by Reuters from Amsterdam, shows it to be practically a replica of the new German Note.

## UNOFFICIAL.

From Washington comes the story that Mr. Wilson has been informed that Germany's terms are—

Evacuation of Belgium (with indemnity), Poland, Serbia and Rumania. Return of German Colonies.

Central Powers and Turkey to lose no territory.

675 LIVES LOST IN MINED ITALIAN BATTLESHIP.

Warship Disappeared in Few Minutes in Night—Tragedy of Month Ago.

## ITALIAN OFFICIAL.

The serious reasons of a military character which have hitherto precluded publication being no longer operative, it is announced that during the night of December 11-12 the warship Regina Margherita while at sea struck two mines and sank.

The damage done to the hull caused the ship to sink by the head in a few minutes.

Most of the 945 persons on board went down with the vessel.

Unfavourable circumstances made the rescue of the survivors very difficult, but 270 were saved.

The captain and fourteen officers are among the missing.

No other losses of ships, apart from those already officially announced, have been verified, and the contrary reports which have for some time been spread among the public are consequently quite untrue.—Reuters.

Enemy batteries shelled one of our field hospitals at Andraz, Upper Cordevole, although it was visibly marked with the Red Cross. There were no casualties.

Two of our aeroplanes successfully bombed the aviation ground at Prosetto and the seaplane base in the harbour of Trieste.—Admiralty per Wireless Press.

The Regina Margherita was an old battleship of 13,427 tons, built at Spezia and completed in 1894. Her armament includes four 12in., four 8in. and twelve 6in. guns. Her cost was about £1,150,000.

FOE SAYS ALLIES' REPLY MEANS WAR WILL GO ON.

THE HAGUE, Friday.—Telegrams from Berlin to the Dutch papers state that the German Press comments only briefly on the Entente reply. The German papers consider that the reply means that the war is to continue.

Comments on the Note by other countries include:—Holland.—The Handelsblad says:—"Great was our disappointment when we were obliged to discover in the peace terms an inconsequent mixture of ideals of right with ordinary conceptions of conquest which have nothing to do with right."

America.—The Herald says:—"Realising their responsibility to the peoples whom they represent and the righteous cause to which those peoples have dedicated themselves, the official spokesmen of the Allies have written a new declaration of independence on behalf of civilisation."—Reuters.

CHINA SENDS A NOTE.

WASHINGTON, Thursday.—The United States Government has received a Note from China indicating that qualified support would be given to the President's proposals in the recent Note.—Central News.



An anti-aircraft gun on the Somme front.

MORE BRITISH RAIDS AND MORE BOMBARDMENTS.

German Trenches Entered North of Arras With Slight Casualties.

## BRITISH OFFICIAL.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, Friday.

8.39 P.M.—During the past twenty-four hours a further twenty-eight prisoners have been taken by us north of the Ancre, making the total for the successful operation in the area reported in yesterday's communique, 204.

We entered the enemy's trenches last night at two points north of Arras and secured prisoners. Our casualties were slight.

There has been considerable artillery activity during the day at various points along our line between Rancourt and Hebuterne.

We bombarded the enemy's trenches north of Ransart and north of Givency with good results.—Exchange.

## GERMAN OFFICIAL.

Night Communique.—North of the Ancre fighting is proceeding.—Reuters.

Afternoon Communique.—Our positions near Armentieres, Lens and on both sides of the Albert-Bapaume road have been subjected to bombardment by the enemy artillery, to which we strongly replied.

North of the Ancre the British vainly attacked twice during the morning hours. Near Serre their attack broke down before our lines.

North of Beaumont, after initial successes, a strongly-conducted counter-attack drove them, with heavy losses, back into the positions from which they had started: Fifty prisoners and two machine guns remained in our hands.—(Admiralty per Wireless Press.)

RAIDS IN THE VOSGES.

## FRENCH OFFICIAL.

Night Communique.—In the Vosges, after concentrated fire by our artillery, a reconnaissance penetrated into the German trenches, overwhelmed the defenders and brought back some prisoners.

There was the usual cannonade on the rest of the front.—Reuters.

Afternoon Communique.—The night was calm on the entire front.—Reuters.

## GERMAN OFFICIAL.

Afternoon Communique.—Crown Prince's Army.—Artillery and mine fighting temporarily revived at some points west of the Meuse, on the Cote and in the Vosges. Detachments of raiding troops which this morning forced their way into enemy trenches on the Combres Height and east of Nomeny returned without loss, bringing with them sixteen French prisoners.—Admiralty per Wireless Press.

AMSTERDAM, Friday.—A report by the war correspondent Herr Scheuermann in the Rheinisch-Westfälische Zeitung shows that a considerable number of Rumanian prisoners of war have been sent to the occupied districts of Northern France, where they will be employed as agricultural labourers.—Reuters.

KING TINO PLAYING FOR FURTHER TIME.

While the reply of the Greek Government to the Allied ultimatum is regarded as a substantial acceptance of their demands, yet in the opinion of the Allied Governments, says Reuters, it is not sufficiently precise or definite.

The Greek Government will be told that, although the Greek answer gives pleasure as far as it goes, a more definite acquiescence is necessary.

There is no intention of raising the blockade until the full demands of the Allies have been complied with.

The Athens Press publishes the news of the acceptance of the Allies' Ultimatum, says Reuters, but in other columns prints notices from the League of Reservists urging the people to protest.

LATEST VERSION OF FOE PEACE TERMS.

Washington Story of Willingness to Evacuate Four Countries.

"TOLD TO MR. WILSON"?

WASHINGTON, Friday.—It is said here that the President's next move depends on the confidential information he has from Germany as to the latter's terms.

If these are compatible in any way with the demands of the Allies the President may take a second step.

It is understood that the President was informed that Germany would agree to—

The evacuation and indemnification of Belgium and

The evacuation of Poland, Serbia and Rumania, but

Would demand the return of German colonies and

Would insist that neither of the Central Powers nor Turkey should be deprived of any territory.

Germany will express her willingness to—

Indemnify Belgium because she admits the violation of the treaty guaranteeing Belgium's neutrality on account of military necessity, but

Will not indemnify any of the other small nations, because she was at war with them when they were invaded.

Count Benckendorff regarded the Entente reply as a flat turning down of President Wilson's Note, and believed the effect of it would be to reunite Germany in more determined warfare.—Exchange.

WASHINGTON, Friday.—A United Press of America special message says that Teuton diplomats state that Germany will not attempt to bargain towards peace with the Allies now unless encouraged to do so by Austria or by another communication from the Entente.—Exchange.

HUNS HISSING HOSE THAT SPURTED GREEN GAS.

## RUSSIAN OFFICIAL.

(Admiralty per Wireless Press.)

Western Front.—On January 11 the Germans, in considerable force, attacked our troops situated east of the village Kalneem. The attack was repulsed.

South of the village Zubilino (between Vladimir-Volynsk and Lutsk, ten versts south of Kiselin) the enemy directed from his trenches

TWO STEAMERS SUNK.

The latest shipping casualties reported by Lloyd's yesterday were:—Tuborg (Danish steamer), 2,056 tons, sunk. Excellent (British steamer), 1,944 tons, believed sunk.

on to our flank a hose, similar to a fire-hose, after which our detachments and pressed them back a short distance.

At first there appeared a yellow-green, and afterwards a white, cloud of gas, which, however, failed to reach our trenches owing to the wind blowing ahead of our front. This release of gas lasted for two minutes.

## GERMAN OFFICIAL.

On the Dvina and in the lake sector south of Dvinsk fighting activity considerably decreased yesterday.

On the Vilna-Dvinsk railroad attacking Russian companies were repulsed with heavy losses.

RUMANIANS PUSH BACK ENEMY  $1\frac{1}{2}$  MILES.

## OFFICIAL REPORTS.

Russian.—South of the River Otuz the enemy attacked our detachments and pressed them back a short distance.

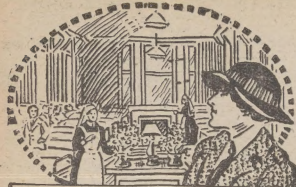
The enemy attacked the Rumanians west of Monestirka-Kachulin (on the River Kasino), but was beaten back. In this region the Rumanians assumed the offensive and threw back the enemy one and half miles towards the south.

The attacks by the enemy in the region northeast of Kempurle-de-Sus (on the River Suchitza) and near Koto-Michalikov, six miles southeast of the mouth of the River Buzen, were also unsuccessful.—Admiralty per Wireless Press.

German.—Extending our successes of the 10th inst., several consecutive enemy positions were taken by storm on Thursday on both sides of the Otuz road. The enemy suffered severe sanguinary losses and also left one officer, eighty rank and file, six machine-guns and three mortar-batteries in the hands of the attackers.

In the swampy lowlands situated between Braila and Galatz we pushed the Russians still further back towards the Sereth.

Laburtea has been captured.—Admiralty per Wireless Press.



## The Food for the Sick & Wounded

V.A.D. Hospitals are now established in almost every district. Ladies are nobly assisting as nurses, providers and visitors. For the Wounded and Convalescent suitable nourishment is of supreme importance. Those who are accustomed to make gifts should bear in mind how suitable and acceptable the 'Allenburys' Diet is.

This milk and wheaten food furnishes a complete dietary, and is allowed when other foods are not permitted. It is exceptionally palatable and its highly nourishing properties ensure the utmost benefit. Because of its easy preparation it is a boon in the busy hospital and deservedly popular with the nurse.

The Food that Restores.



No Cooking or Cook's Milk required. Made with boiling water only.

In tins at 1/6, 3/- & 6/- of Chemists.  
Allen & Hanburys Ltd., London.

## DERRY & TOMS KENSINGTON, W.

### New "WAR-SHRINE" PENDANT.

An ornament of beautiful design for wearing in memory of those who have fallen for their country. Solid Silver 25/-  
Solid Gold 25/-  
Silver Neck Chain 1/6  
Gold Neck Chain 6/6  
Engraving of inscription 10d. per dozen letters.



### DO YOU LACK SELF-CONFIDENCE?

Do you feel awkward in the presence of others? Do you have "nervous or mental fears" of any kind? Do you suffer from involuntary blushing or shrink from the company of men or women, social gatherings, conversation, or "appearing in public"? Do you feel that you are not "getting on" as your natural talents deserve? I can tell you how to change your whole mental outlook. By my Treatment you can quickly acquire strong Nerves and a powerful and progressive Mind which will give you absolute self-confidence. Being freed from Mental Neural handicaps you will be amazed at the wonderful way in which you and all your affairs will prosper. Don't miss discovering all you can upon this subject so vital to yourself. Send at once 3 penny stamps for particulars of my guaranteed cure in 12 days. Godfrey Elliott-Smith, 476, Imperial Buildings, Ludgate-circus, London, E.C.—(Adv't.)

## DAILY MIRROR REFLECTIONS

Vol. X. PRICE 6d.

The new volume of Mr. Haselden's Cartoons contains more than 100 of the best of those published during the past year.

## 100 CARTOONS

### CASH LOANS COMPLETED BY POST

Or at one interview if desired. Ladies or Gentlemen are accommodated without deposit of any security or without a guarantor. Repayments monthly or quarterly.

### OUR CHARGES FOR SHORT DATE LOANS

£50 for £7-£100 for £14-£250 for £20.  
(Larger sums proportionately.)

Loans at 6 per cent. per annum Arranged for those entitled to a legacy income, or reversion to money or property by will, or by any kind of settlement expectant at any distant or near date. Such loans may remain unpaid so long as the interest of 2 1/2 per cent. per annum is paid.

S. & F. S. JAMES,  
48, Dover St., Piccadilly, London, W.

## WILL THEIR DREAM BE REALISED?



BEST WISHES FROM RUHLEBEN  
CHRISTMAS 1916.

The hopes of the British prisoners of war in Germany, expressed on a Christmas card, published by the *Ruhleben Camp Magazine*. The German censor allowed the card to be distributed, which is one means of spreading the Hun peace propaganda.

## MISS RUBY M. AYRES, NOVELIST AND WAR WORKER.



Interested in a hot-air plant.



She works hard in her house.

Miss Ruby M. Ayres, the popular authoress, whose new story, "The Phantom Lover," begins in *The Daily Mirror* on Monday is engaged on war work. She helps at a canteen, while her garden is producing food.—(*Daily Mirror* photographs.)

## INDIANS FROM NORTHERN CANADA.



Platoon of Indians and their commanding officer, Lieutenant C. H. L. Jones, photographed in Canada. A number of these Indians have volunteered for service.

### SERGEANT KILLED



Sergt. Alfred Turner, killed on November 10. Will any comrade who saw him fall write to 49, Ceres-road, Plumstead?

### TWELVE YEARS.



Pte. Howland (Canadians), sentenced by the Huns for alleged mutiny.

### STOKER MISSING



Stkr. P. O. C. W. Anchor missing. His wife, who lives at 9, Dickson-road, Dover, fears that he has lost his memory.

## PAWNBROKERS' BARGAINS.

Unredeemed Pledge Sale.  
Special Supplementary List of this Month's  
Unredeemed Pledges Now Ready.  
SENT POST FREE, 5,000 SENSATIONAL BARGAINS.

Don't Delay. Write at Once. IT WILL SAVE YOU POUNDS. Bargains in Watches, Jewellery, Plate, Musical Instruments, Clothing, &c. Illustrated Pur List Now Ready. ALL GOODS SENT ON SEVEN DAYS' APPROVAL.

13/9 Baby's Long Clothes, magnificent parcel, 40 articles; everything required; exquisite embroidered American Robes, &c.; the perfection of a soldier's personal work; never worn; 13/9; worth £210/-; approval. Real Coney Musquash Seal; elegant; for the day; 27/6; worth £410/-; sacrifice; 21/78; approval; willing; together worth £410/-; sacrifice; 21/78; approval; willing.

67/6 Lady's real Coney Musquash Seal Coat, 32 1/2; long; exceptionally fine quality, latest Paris model; originally 21/2; sacrifice; 23/76; approval; willing.

13/6 Hunter Watch, improved action, 10 years' warranty; perfect timekeeper; also double Curb Albert same quality; handsome Compass attached; indistinguishable from new; week's free trial; complete; sacrifice; 13/6; approval.

4/9 Lady's Necklace, Heart Pendant attached; set filled; in velvet case; sacrifice; 4/9; approval before payment.

12/6 Gent's fashionable Double Curb Albert, 18-ct. Gold (stamped) filled; heavy solid links; 12/6; approval.

17/6 Lady's choice 18-ct. Gold-cased Keyless Expanding Watch Bracelet; with 10 years' warranty; perfect timekeeper; 10 years' warranty; week's free trial; 17/6; approval.

27/6 Lady's Solid Gold English hall-marked Keyless Watch Bracelet; in any wrist; 10 years' warranty; week's free trial; originally 28/-; reduced to 21/78; approval.

3/9 Lady's 15/- Solid Gold Marquise Ring, set one mass of lovely Parisian pearls and turquoises; 3/9; approval.

8/6 Massive Curb Chain Padlock Bracelet, with safety chain; solid links; 18-ct. Gold (stamped) filled; in velvet case; great sacrifice; 8/6; approval before payment.

19/9 Lady's Trousercase; 24 superlative quality Night-dresses, Chemises, Knickers, Combinations, &c.; sacrifice; 19/9; approval before payment.

19/6 Magnificent set of real Russian Furs, very elegant rich dark sable brown animal shape Stole and large Pillow Muff; worth 23/10/-; together, 19/6; approval.

21/- Most elegant set of Black Furs, beautiful animal Fox shape Tangi Stole and extra large Pillow Muff, latest Parisian style; together 21/1/-; approval before payment. Illustrated Fur List now ready.

9/9 (Worth 21/78). Pair of full size Blankets, exceptionally choice, superlative quality; sacrifice; 9/9; approval.

15/6 Army Service Watch, solid Silver, damp and dust-proof case, with luminous dial; perfect timekeeper; 10 years' warranty; worth 22/10/-; sacrifice; 15/6; week's free trial; approval; willing.

12/9 (Worth 24/-). Lady's 18-ct. Solid Gold hall-marked Diamond and Sapphire Double Half-hoop Ring, claw setting, large lustrous stones; 12/9; approval.

15/9 (Worth 21/18). Navy Blue Serge, full body, length, double cloth, superlative quality; suitable for lady's costume or dress length; sacrifice; 15/9; approval.

12/6 Lady's Watch Guard, 18-ct. Gold (stamped) filled; in velvet case; solid links; as other, heavier, extra long, 12/6; approval.

59/6 Magnificent Hornless Gramophone de Luxe, dainty, drawing-room Cabinet, Opera Frame, Solid Oak with 10-in. Turntable, power-improved "Gould hall" Sound Box, with 8 1/2-in. Disc Tunes; originally 47/6/-; week's free trial; sacrifice; 59/6; approval.

DAVIS & Co. (Dept. Pawnbrokers, 141) 28 DENMARK HILL, CAMBERWELL, LONDON.

## H&S

Everybody's Bread

### THE UP-TO-DATE GIRL

Likes to look her best, whether at work or play. Freshness and beauty may be preserved with just an occasional touch of

## TETLOW'S SWAN DOWN FACE POWDER

IMPARTS A DELICATE BLOOM TO THE COMPLEXION, SO PURE THAT IT WILL NOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE SKIN.

In Five Tins— per 7 1/2 pence. White, Cream, Pink, Flesh and Brunetta. Box.

Of Stores, Chemists & Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale Agents, H. C. Quake & Co., 4 & 5, Ludgate Sq., E.C.



ENTIRELY BRITISH. UNSURPASSED for Economy, Brilliance and Length of Life. ROYAL ED SWAN DRAWN WIRE LAMPS.

# Daily Mirror

SATURDAY, JANUARY 13, 1917.

## WHAT WILL PRUSSIA SAY?

MR. WILSON'S recent Note of "above-the-conflict" admonition to belligerents has had at least one good effect: it has called forth the Allied statement of terms in answer.

This statement is as definite as can be expected at the moment. French is still the language of diplomacy, the universal language, though Moloch's chosen people, in Germany and Austria, think that their gutturals were made to replace it. In the clearest and the most direct of modern languages, then, the Allies present their choice to America, to all neutrals, to the world.

What has the world said?

As we write, much of the American as well as the Allied Press comment is at hand. Hear the *New York Times*:

In the statement of the Allies we see the atonement for a century of crime in Europe. There is no trace in the terms of any traffic in territories and populations of living men. There is no trace of any shifting of frontiers or the effacement of nationalities solely in the interest of "divine right" monarchs. Turkey, the plague-spot of Europe, disappears from the European map.

If Germany has the effrontery to say that, the terms are unjust, she will have the judgment of the whole world against her as she now has the greater part of the world's arms. Good! It only remains to hear what Germany will say.

Partly we know, from the terms of her own sanctimonious Note, in which Belgium is informed that it is her own fault that she was so brutally treated; even as a highwayman tells his victim that it was his own fault that he got a black eye, as well as losing his watch—if he hadn't struggled for the watch he would have got no black eye! The rest we can guess, whatever the German Press may have said by the time this appears. Germany is on the horns of a dilemma. Will she get out of it? Here it is:—

(1) Either she must assert that her aims differ from those expressed in our Note, or  
(2) She must continue to claim, with amazing effrontery, that they are the same and that it is *we* who are going against them, by our contempt of treaties and oppression of small peoples.

Now No. 2 (which has been her assertion hitherto) is, she knows, the only plea that will go down with neutrals. If she asserts that the now expressed aims of the Allies are clean against her own she will also be asserting:

(1) That Austria is to continue to oppress her non-Germanic races.

(2) That the Turk with his theory of government by massacre is to go on periodically massacring.

(3) That Alsace, Poland, Rumanians, Italians, Bohemians are to have the door closed on their hopes.

(4) That the military-despotic point of view is in future to dominate Western civilisation.

These, we know, really are Prussia's aims. The only point is: Dares she say so at this stage?

No—impossible! She must then re-write the Allied Note adapted to her purpose and go on claiming that she too wants the Rights of Man respected. But more precise than that she must not be because it is in detail, in application of principle, that her aims show. When will she be ready to state and discuss detail?

That depends.

That depends on the western front, the potato shortage in Germany, the condition of Austria, the numbers of those waiting in queues in the Berlin streets, and the gullibility of her own people.

Let us add: And the success of our War Loan.

W. M.

## A THOUGHT FOR TO-DAY.

I do not think myself more in the right than other people, and that nothing in this world is provable.—*Kears.*

## THE NEW SPIRIT IN THE WORLD WAR.

### HOW BRITAIN IS FULLY AWAKE AT LAST.

By AUSTIN HARRISON  
(Editor of the "English Review").

IT is a curious thing how a little change here will produce a great change there, yet so it is, and there must be few men who have not noticed the gigantic difference between Britain at this hour and Britain as she was in the days before the Lloyd George Government.

Where before everything seemed sticky, now you can almost hear the hum of effort and organisation. What looked dismal, to-day appears rosy. Up and down men are working as never before, and things that we heard were impossible are being done hourly with consummate ease and rapidity.

It is a wonderful inspiration to catch a view of the country. Whatever is that buzz? It is

for safety! Food is not going to beat us, as it might well have done under the old methods. This time agriculture, so long neglected in this country, is coming into its own—at last, and in the nick of time.

But still there is much to be done.

I find small men are getting rid of their pigs—it does not pay to keep them. All around livestock are being put down, and this is a fatal mistake which Mr. Prothero must see to at once. The trouble is the price of fodder, and the same thing is going on in Ireland.

### WE HAVE BEGUN TO THINK.

I trust Mr. Prothero will turn his attention to Ireland. In many places there the market has gone. Instead of encouraging the Irish to develop farming of all kinds, we seem to have discouraged them. The other day I heard of a dozen fat fowls fetching a shilling apiece. Fancy that, with their 5s. value here! The political cloud seems to have hit Irish agriculture hard. The sugar famine I fail to

## HOW ALL CAN HELP.

### SUGGESTIONS FROM OUR READERS ABOUT THE LOAN'S SUCCESS.

#### EMPLOYERS AND THEIR STAFFS.

RICH employers can help this loan (as in many cases they helped the last) by buying and holding a portion of it for a time, till their employees gradually invest.

This unfortunately is not a very good time of year for ready cash.

It is income-tax time. Rich men can help to induce those momentarily short of money to invest by buying and holding the loan. AN EMPLOYER. Chapside, E.C.

#### WOMAN'S DUTY

YOUR appeal to the women of England will not be in vain.

Untold thousands have lost sons and husbands on the battlefields. They will freely lend to their country whatever sums are at their disposal in order to make sure that the sacrifice of their loved ones, who lie in soldiers' cemeteries in Flanders, in France, in Gallipoli, or the far distant deserts of Africa and Mesopotamia, will not have been made in vain.

Those whose nearest and dearest are still keeping the flag flying will not fail them when the country needs their every available pound to supply the food, the clothing and the munitions without which their toils would be unendurable, and their valour would not protect them from the mortal fury of their foes. F. E.

#### ENGLISH EDUCATION.

HOW many of your readers realise, I wonder, that we have no system of secondary education?

The only existing State control is that of the Board of Education, which says to schools receiving grants of money: "Listen to our recommendations, or we may withdraw our financial assistance." Private schools are completely independent; no authority can inspect them or enter their doors. So are the rich endowed schools.

In most schools, moreover, the headmaster reigns supreme. There is no uniformity.

SCHOOLMASTER.

#### IN MY GARDEN.

JAN. 12.—Frequent hints relating to the cultivation of vegetables will be given in these notes throughout the coming season. Even at this early date useful work may be done in the kitchen garden during dry open weather. (But it should be remembered that much harm is done by digging the soil when it is in a saturated condition.)

Any vacant ground, be thrown up into ridges as soon as possible, so that the frost may break it down. Clean the strawberry bed and cover a few established rhubarb roots with tubs and straw material to hasten growth. Jerusalem artichokes should be lifted. Remove decaying leaves from brussels sprouts and winter greens, and see that spring cabbages have not been damaged by the frost. E. F. T.

## RICH AND POOR FOR THE GREAT WAR LOAN.



Everybody must have some of it—from millionaire to street boy with his everyday suit to pawn!—(By W. K. Haselden.)

the motor-plough going through grass land—land that for decades has been a green blotch on the countryside, unused, the sterile property of somebody or other, and now the earth is being furrowed into little trenches, as it were, and in a few weeks potatoes will be growing there, and in many places sugar beet, for which the unfertilised soil is well suited.

I saw such a little spot last week. A farmer I spoke to grinned. "German prisoners are coming," he said, and flying columns of women labour. "Gawd, but it eases a man's heart to see the good stuff going into this earth which no one seems to have wanted all these years!" That is it. The good stuff is going in now. We have rediscovered the soil. Suddenly England has been set going. The long spell of inactivity has been broken.

Men are working now in grim earnest. We have discovered that fooling ourselves with talk about destroying all the German submarines is a losing game; now we are playing

understand. London is full of gorgeous new sweetshops and yet I can't obtain a pound of decent sugar! Have we a Sugar Minister? There is a good deal that is wrong here. All sweetmeats are luxuries and so not wanted to-day. How is it they are far more plentiful than at any previous time, whereas the poor woman cannot obtain sufficient sugar?

The more we look about, the more we realise how much has to be done, thanks to the neglect we have suffered from. Labour in the country is very scarce, and much of it is ill-adapted for women. Moreover, February and March are, or should be, the busy months, so that not much time remains to mobilise a sufficiency of labour.

Yet it is extraordinary how things get done under the stress of necessity, and lucky it is that machinery can accomplish such a lot. Machines milk cows, plough the land—if only we had used them a year ago we could

to-day laugh at submarines. Our consolation is that we have begun to use them now.

At last. Yes, Britain is awake; has begun to realise war, has begun to organise for all eventualities. We have actually begun to think for 1918, which is the one safe way to face a war of this kind. And all this kindling of energy, this galvanisation of national effort has taken place as the result of a small change of Government. The Socialists have become co-directors of industry and industry has become socialised. Co-operative farming is churning the buttercup and the clover into fodder to feed the pigs who are to feed the people who are to win the war.

How singular it all is!

For a hundred years England has drowsed. To-day she knows what she wants and means to get it. She has gone back to the land, as her overseas sons have come back to fight for it, and the neglected grass-land is being quickened with the great new birth.

# WHERE EVERYONE TOBOGGANS.



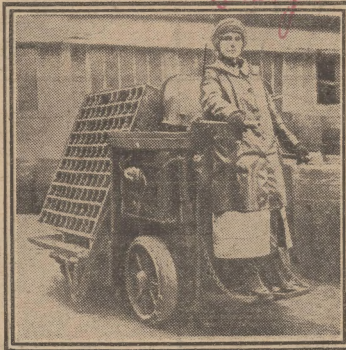
Tobogganing is the chief amusement of both soldier and civilian at Buxton. The longer the hard weather lasts the better they will be pleased.—(Daily Mirror photograph.)

## TO SHOW THE "TANK" FILM.



Discharged soldiers who will operate the "Tank" film at various London cinema palaces on Monday. They have all been trained for the work. Private J. W. Piper (x) received twenty-seven wounds.

## AT A SHRAPNEL FACTORY.



Driving the electric car in a shrapnel factory in France. By means of this car the result of her fellow-workers' industry is distributed among the various process departments.—(French official photograph.)

## 1,000 WOUNDED SOLDIERS AT A TEA PARTY AT LEICESTER.



General view of the scene in the De Montfort Hall, Leicester, when more than 1,000 wounded soldiers were entertained to tea by the West End Association. An excellent entertainment followed the meal.—(Daily Mirror photograph.)

# "THE MOST BUSINESS-LIKE"



M. Briand (tall hat) and M. Barrere.

"It was the most business-like conference I ever attended," said Mr. Lloyd George speaking of his visit to Rome at the great loan meeting at the Guildhall on Tuesday.

## AN ANZAC TO WED.



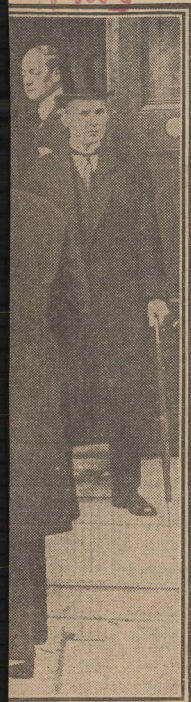
Miss Sylvia Walford and Mr. Cecil Asher, who are to be married on Wednesday.—(Lafayette.)

## FINE BRITIS



Crossing the desert on a camel in the Turkish, whose losses are estimated at six million.

# CONFERENCE" MEETS AT ROME.



George.  
Here the Premiers of Great Britain and France and a Russian representative are seen leaving after their deliberations.



General Pelitzin, Russia.

# STATE AID FOR A LONDON CRECHE.



A large proportion of the rent and the cost of the upkeep of this new crèche at Acton is being defrayed by the Ministry of Munitions. It is exclusively for the children of munition workers. The stands for the cradles were made by the boys from a neighbouring school.

## FROM THE IRON DUKE TO "VANITY FAIR."



With Miss Regine Flory.



With Mr. Arthur Playfair.

Admiral Jellicoe's bulldog Jumbo, who was more or less in command of the Iron Duke, has resigned from the Navy as the Admiralty did not provide him with a garden. He has now gone on the stage and is appearing in "Vanity Fair" at the Palace. He believes that it was his barking that frightened the German Fleet back to port at the battle of Horns Reef. He was originally purchased for £65 by Mr. Arthur Playfair at a Red Cross auction and given to the Admiral by the well-known actor.

# DRY IN EGYPT.



re the British have just won a fine victory. 0, were routed in a ten-hour battle; during es were taken;

## NEWS PORTRAITS.



Sir Donald Wallace, who, after twenty years at the Cecil, has had to move.



2nd Lieut. Archibald John McWha, R.F.C., who has been killed on active service.

## ALL FIT FOR THE GUARDS—600 LONDON POLICEMEN "JOIN UP."



About 600 members of the Metropolitan Police Force joined the Army yesterday, and the photograph shows some of them at the Central Recruiting Depot, Whitehall. Ex-Police Constable Burroughs, a well-known heavy-weight boxer, is marked with a cross.



By META  
SIMMINS.



Lady Alexander, who is helping to organise a performance at the Palace on behalf of "La Cantine des Dames Anglaises in France."

#### The Victory Loan.

"LEND the money and end the war," is England's motto to-day. There can be no mistaking the enthusiasm with which the country has received the new War Loan. The fact that £200,000,000 have been subscribed within a few hours is evidence that Britain means business. One man put the situation to me with commendable terseness. "We've had one big push," he said, "but this is going to be the biggest push of all—and the most successful."

#### City Enthusiasm.

That appeared to be the feeling everywhere. As I strolled through the streets of the City at a comparatively early hour yesterday morning I noticed groups of eager business men. They were discussing only one subject. It was the War Loan. They were reading only one paper. It was the War Loan prospectus. Never before has a financial prospectus been read by so many people, and read with such unmistakable interest.

#### The Tune.

"War Loan Humming," was a headline in an evening paper yesterday. It was humming to the tune of £200,000,000.

#### The Loan and the Lyric.

Poetry lurks in unsuspected places. I have always had the deepest respect for the members of the War Savings Committee, but I never suspected them of being poets. I was wrong. This is what they have produced between them:—

- A is Asking the nation to lend.
- B is Belgium, whose right we defend.
- C for Certificates still to be sold.
- D is for Do it; turn silver to gold.

There are twenty-two more lines of it. They are sensible, if not Shakespearian.

#### What She Missed.

Readers of "David Copperfield" will remember Mrs. Gummidge and her never-ceasing complaint, "I'm a poor, lone widow." To-day, of course, she would be a War Loan widow.

#### Accident to a Distinguished Peer.

Great regret is felt that the aged peer Lord Reay has had an accident which confines him to his room. He is Chief of the Clan Mackay, and is one of the most hard-working and scholarly peers. His mother was the daughter of a Dutch baron, while the heir to the Scottish title, Baron Eric Mackay, who is his cousin, also married a Dutch baroness.

#### Ananias Flees.

"As a liar I am not in it with these Hun peace Note-writers," exclaimed the shade of Ananias. "They're altogether too imaginative for me."

#### Actor and Author.

When actors turn authors something unusual may be looked for. Yesterday I took home Sir Herbert Tree's new book, "Nothing Matters," and spent a very pleasant couple of hours reading it before my study fire. The title is a little misleading, for it suggests the attitude of a man who is rather bored with life. But Sir Herbert Tree finds life, in all its phases, so interesting that he is even constrained to write about it.

#### Some Epigrams.

He writes very well, too. He has a gift for epigram which warrants the belief that he might have written amusing plays if he had not preferred to act in them. Here are two.

culled at random: "One should never take a fairy to one's bosom, lest it should turn into a bald-headed vulture." "In public life nothing is so suspect as humour. Perhaps that is why so many men scruple to tell the truth in public."



Sir Herbert Tree

# TO-DAY'S GOSSIP

News and Views About Men, Women, and Affairs in General

#### The New Notes.

I have seen one of the new notes. I don't mean a note signed by President Wilson, but a note signed by Mr. John Bradbury. In other words, I mean a Treasury note. I saw it, inspected it—and left it—at Somerset House yesterday.

#### The Three Colours.

They are pretty things, these new notes, and I should like to have a large collection of them. On the left hand side is a picture of St. George and the Dragon. On the right is the King's head framed in an oval. On the back a tinted drawing of the Houses of Parliament. The lettering is in three colours. I think it will be admitted that the possessor will be unable to say that he hasn't got his pound's worth.

#### Our Popular Hero.

By the way, who is the most popular man in England? If you will reflect for a moment you will realise that there can be only one answer to that question. His name is John Bradbury. I hear on good authority that copies of Mr. Bradbury's autograph are in great demand.

#### The New Education.

I was talking to a well-known scholastic agent yesterday. He said the number of inquiries he had received recently for schools specialising in engineering and scientific training is remarkable.

#### The Rush for Razors.

Lady Carson says that the most popular gift to her wounded men in hospital is a safety razor. She and her committee gave one to



Lady Carson.

every wounded man in the Ulster Division. The men like to feel well groomed, though they are ill.

#### "Daddy Long-Legs."

I am told that after this week the Duke of York's Theatre will be closed on Monday and Tuesday evenings. The strain on the principal performers in "Daddy Long-Legs" has been so severe that the management has decided to give ten performances a week instead of twelve.

#### "The Old Vic"

A rumour has got abroad that the Royal Victoria Hall will be closed on account of a scarcity of tenors. Miss Bayliss asks me to state that there is no truth in the story. The "Old Vic" is still keeping open doors, so lovers of good music and song need have no undue apprehensions.

#### A South London Vicar.

I note that Dr. J. R. Porte is retiring from the vicarage of St. Matthew, Denmark-hill, which he has held for the last twenty-six years. Dr. Porte, who is greatly liked in the district, came to Denmark-hill from Cork, the whole of his clerical life having been passed in Ireland up till that time. The church, which was built in 1848, is one of the most picturesque of the smaller churches in South London, and the house in which Ruskin spent his boyhood stands within the parish.

#### Must Be "Just So."

The maître d'hôtel of a West End restaurant told me yesterday that the most fastidious clients as regards the cuisine and service are officers who for months on end have been roughing it in trench and dug-out.



Dr. J. R. Porte.

#### A Notable Engagement.

The approaching marriage of the Marquis of Hartington and Lady Mary Cecil will unite the two most famous political families in the country. Lady Mary Cecil is the granddaughter of a Prime Minister, and Lord Hartington is the grand-nephew of a man who came very near getting the Premiership. That was the late Duke of Devonshire, who, during the days when he was himself Marquis of Hartington, led the Liberal Party in the House of Commons.

#### Viceroyal Parties.

I hear from Lady Dublin correspondent that several important dinner parties have been given lately at the Viceroyal Lodge by Lord and Lady Wimborne. Captain the Marquis of Headfort (who is home on leave), the Marchioness of Headfort, the Earl of Bective and Lady Leslie were amongst the guests.

#### Rebuilding Dublin.

Mr. Duke, I learn, has been speeding up the rebuilding of the destroyed areas in Dublin, and an important announcement may be expected soon. Mr. Redmond, who has been conferring with officials at the Castle, has also been active in the matter. I understand it is the Government's intention to alter its original scheme and to pay fully for all losses of property and stock irrespective of insurance.

#### Our New Story.

Miss Ruby M. Ayres tells me that she has never been more interested in any characters than in the people who figure in her new story, "The Phantom Lover," which will begin in "The Daily Mirror" on Monday. "The story is simply writing itself," she said. "The people in it have just taken possession of me."

#### "Canada in Khaki."

My advertising campaign on behalf of "Canada in Khaki" brought me in two new recruits yesterday. They were both "full pagers." One was Buchanan's "Black and White" and the other the "Premier" whisky. The book itself is likely to be one of the big booms of the publishing season.



Miss Joyce Barbour, who is playing in "Theodore and Co." at the Gaiety. A few weeks ago she was the youngest member of the cast.

#### Lady Reading's Fund.

I hear from Lady Reading that she has already raised over £500 with Mme. Bateman for her Reading Star and Garter bed, and hopes to get it up to £2,000 by a concert she is giving in her name-town next week. Lady Mond is staying with her to help, and her husband did not need to "commandeer" a hall, for all Reading is interested, and the mayor has lent her the Town Hall.

#### Poor Old Turkey.

The other day I complimented a lady whom I was visiting on her beautiful ottoman. "Don't call it that," she protested, "—not in war time!"

#### A Children's Dance.

Lady St. Cyres tells me that a children's dance will be given in aid of the War Horticultural Relief Fund at 9, Halkin-street, S.W., Lady Mary Morrison's home, on January 23. Tickets may be obtained from Lady Margaret Boscawen, 11, Mount-street, S.W., Lady Jellicoe and the Countess of Granard.

#### A New Idea.

In these days of short skirts, when shoes are so conspicuous, the fashionable woman has to rack her brain for something original in the way of footwear. I noticed in Regent-street an exceedingly smart pair of black suede shoes, with buckles made of the same fur as the wearer's stole and muff.

THE RAMBLER.

Smoke

Registered No. 154011.

## CIGARETTES

(MEDIUM STRENGTH)

# 10 FOR 4<sup>D</sup>.

FOR WOUNDED BRITISH SOLDIERS AND SAILORS IN MILITARY HOSPITALS AT HOME AND FOR THE FRONT AT DUTY FREE PRICES. TERMS ON APPLICATION TO

### JOHN PLAYER & SONS, Nottingham.

Branch of the Imperial Tobacco Co. (of Great Britain & Ireland), Ltd.



"The Phantom Lover," by Ruby M. Ayres, begins on Monday

COMPULSION After the War? By H. W. Wilson, in the "Sunday Pictorial" : :

# The Daily Mirror

CERTIFIED CIRCULATION LARGER THAN THAT OF ANY OTHER DAILY PICTURE PAPER

AMERICAN View of Allies' Reply. By Philip Patchin, in the "Sunday Pictorial" : :

SHELLING OUT FOR SHELLS: GREAT RUSH FOR WAR LOAN PROSPECTUSES.



Girl messengers distributed prospectuses.



Women drivers carefully studying the details.



"I think we can afford a bit." Billingsgate porters decide to invest some of the profits from fish.



Anzacs think that the "old country" is a sound investment.



The old men of a northern village discussing the loan.

There was a tremendous rush for the Victory Loan prospectuses yesterday. No loan has ever had such a fine send-off, and it is quite certain that nothing like the results of this issue will ever have been realised before. The weight of the prospectuses printed

is nearly 200 tons, and more than 20,000,000 have been dispatched to various parts of the country. But this immense number has not satisfied the public need and the cry is still for more.—(Daily Mirror photographs.)

EIGHT MISSING MEN OF WHOM FRIENDS AND RELATIVES ARE ANXIOUSLY SEEKING NEWS.



Cpl. Greengrass (London Regiment). Write to W. Greengrass, Willow Lodge, Balldene, Finchley, London.



Lce.-Cpl. Frank Willett (Essex Regiment). Write to A. Willett, Highgate, Dunmow, Essex.



Pte. Aldridge (Oxfordshire and Bucks L.I.). Write to H. Aldridge, 21, Parkmore Road, Reading.



Pte. H. Wille (London Regiment). Write to 6, Middlemore Place, Wollaton-st., Hockley, Birmingham.



Pte. F. C. Hills (Sussex Regiment). Write to Mrs. Hills, at 215, Clongrove, Brighton.



Pte. Parker (Royal Fusiliers). Write to Mrs. Parker, at 23, Harwick-road, Halton, Hastings.



Cpl. Pearce (Gloucestershire Regiment). Write to Gordon House, Swindon-road, Lorcham, Sussex.



Cyclist R. Anthony (East Yorkshire Regiment). Write to 25, Somersdale-street, Beverley-road, Hull.